TRANSMITTAL LETTER

CC:

Docket No. MSU 4.1-587

Tammi L. Taylor

Typed or Printed Name of Person Mailing Correspondence

(General - Patent Pending) Evangelyn C. Alocilja and Zarini Muhammad-Tahir In Re Application Of: Customer No. **Group Art Unit** Confirmation No. Application No. Filing Date Examiner 21036 1641 4246 10/074,499 02/13/2002 Jacqueline A. Diramio Title: CONDECTIMETRIC BIOSENSOR DEVICE, METHOD AND SYSTEM JUL 1 8 2008 PADEMARY **COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS:** Transmitted herewith is: Reply to Examiner's Answer Under 37 CFR 41.41 in the above identified application. No additional fee is required. is attached. A check in the amount of \boxtimes The Director is hereby authorized to charge and credit Deposit Account No. 13-0610 as described below. Charge the amount of \boxtimes Credit any overpayment. Charge any additional fee required. ☐ Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached. WARNING: Information on this form may become public. Credit card information should not be included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization on PTO-2038. Dated: July 15, 2008 Ian C. McLeod Registration No. 20,931 IAN C. McLEOD, P.C. I hereby certify that this correspondence deposited with the United States Postal Service with 2190 Commons Parkway sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope Okemos, Michigan 48864 addressed to the "Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box Telephone: (517) 347-4100 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450" [37 CFR 1.8(a)] on Facsimile: (517) 347-4103 July 15, 2008 Email: ianmcld@comcast.net (Date) Signature of Person Mailing Correspondence

MSU 4.1-587 Appl. No. 10/074,499 July 9, 2008 Reply to Examiner's Answer mailed May 29, 2008

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Appl. No.

: 10/074,499

Confirmation No. 4246

Applicants

: Evangelyn C. Alocilja and

Zarini Muhammad-Tahir

Filed

: February 13, 2002

TC/A.U.

: 1641

Title

: CONDUCTIMETRIC BIOSENSOR DEVICE, METHOD

AND SYSTEM

Examiner

: Jacqueline A. Diramio

Docket No. : MSU 4.1-587

Customer No.: 21036

MAIL STOP APPEAL BRIEF - PATENTS Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

REPLY TO EXAMINER'S ANSWER UNDER 37 CFR § 41.41

Sir:

This is a response to the Examiner's Answer mailed May 29, 2008.

The principal reference in this Appeal is the Kim The Examiner's Answer incorrectly publication. interprets the publication at page 914 which states as

MSU 4.1-587 Appl. No. 10/074,499 July 9, 2008 Reply to Examiner's Answer mailed May 29, 2008

follows:

"An additional labeling agent comprising a conducting polymer to colloidal gold-antibody conjugates facilitated electric conduction between particles captured via antigen-antibody strategy for binding. This conductimetric detection could be a better approach than the direct labeling of the antibody with the polymer by chemical reaction because, in such a case, the protein molecule itself (antibody) does contain available sites for electron relay". (antibody added)

This quote does not suggest the direct use of the antibody polymer conduction without the gold.

The above statement is made in the context of page 907 of Kim et al. which discusses tracer assays as follows:

"As a typical tracer for the assay, colloidal gold is suitable for the generation of colorimetric signal where the red color resulting from the analysis is detected by the naked eye to determine the presence of the analyte in sample (citations omitted)".

It is further clear that Kim et al. needed the presence of the gold described at page 908, in which the authors' state:

"Finally, since the gold tracer is visible, the assay progress can be followed by the naked eye and the colored signal can be preserved after carrying out the conductimetric measurement for subsequent reference".

Thus, the reference at page 914 is at best a suggestion of an assay using a gold label-conductive polymer

MSU 4.1-587 Appl. No. 10/074,499 July 9, 2008

Reply to Examiner's Answer mailed May 29, 2008

antibody combination, without conducting any tests, which assay the authors thought to be inferior because of the lack of conductivity of the antibody. This is not a suggestion of an assay with a polymer-antibody combination alone, without the gold, as asserted in the Examiner's Answer. Kim et al. did not conduct any tests or make any statements that would lead one skilled in the art to want to eliminate the gold particles from the assay.

Favorable consideration is requested.

Respectfully,

Ian C. McLeod

Registration No. 20,931

IAN C. McLEOD, P.C. 2190 Commons Parkway Okemos, MI 48864

Telephone: (517) 347-4100 Facsimile: (517) 347-4103 Email: ianmcld@comcast.net